Part1

**4. Science**

**1. Do you like science?**

No, not really. I’m not good at dealing with the formulas and numbers. They always make me headache.

Yes. ....can satisfy one’s curiosity about the principles underlying various natural phenomena; ...can gain a deeper understanding of how things work;

**2. When did you start to learn about science?**

I remember very well, it was in the first year of my primary school. I learned about science with some kind of simple description and illustrations. It’s easy to understand and helpful for drawing interests of kids.

**3. Which science subject is interesting to you?**

1) Teacher: humorous and inspiring;

Physics: help sb. know about the principles about the things and phenomena, can help people explore new technology;

Geography: get to know about the amazement of nature; help people better get along with nature

PE: can breathe fresh air; enjoy running; comparing with other subjects, it’s easier

**4. What kinds of interesting things have you done with science?**

Kongming Lantern: when the candle inside is lit, the lantern can ascend high by itself; it uses the air buoyancy浮力

Drilling wood to make fire;

To get fire with magnifying lens; （convex lens凸透镜; concave lens 凹透镜）

**5. Headphones**

1. **Do you use headphones?**

Yes. Nearly every night, I make video call with my parents in my dormitory. In order to avoid disturbing my roommate, I often use headphones.

1. **What type of headphones do you use?**

I often use wireless/bluetooth headphones. It’s convenient to use them when going out.

Earphones: smaller

1. **When would you use headphones?**

When I have tests or when I play games, the headphones make the sound effect much better than that of the speakers.

**4. In what conditions, you won't use headphones?**

When I’m running, I don’t like use ... . They are too heavy. Uncomfortable;

having a class/meeting;

being with friends or family;

**6. Shoes**

**1. Do you like buying shoes? How often?**

Yes. I like to buy new shoes to match different clothes. Averagely, I buy shoes once a month. As a student, I think we shouldn’t spend much on shoes, but sometimes I just couldn’t control myself on buying them.

1. **Have you ever bought shoes online?**

Yes, I have. About half of my shoes are bought online. There are more styles of shoes in online shops; and the price is much lower than that in the physical stores. However, because I can’t try the shoes on, sometimes the size of shoes may be unfit for me.

1. **How much money do you usually spend on shoes?**

If I buy shoes by myself, I will pay less than 500 yuan. If my mother pays the bill, the top limit will be 1000 yuan.

**4. Which do you prefer, fashionable shoes or comfortable shoes?**

I prefer comfortable shoes. I like to walk, so it would be a torture for me to wear uncomfortable shoes.

例4：

So far, my best holiday in my life was the one I had in Vancouver. I went there with my parents in the summer vacation when I graduated from my middle school.

Vancouver is one of the **major** cities in Canada; and it’s also the **key** port city and economic centre. What also makes it **world-renowned** is the Stanley Park. It’s the biggest city park in North America. Inside the park, there are 3 beaches, lakes and **endless** forest. And there is a big aquarium, where visitors can have a fascinating visit of **marine**/ocean creatures (from tropical to polar areas).

We lived in a place near the park. The air there was very clean and fresh, every morning, I woke up **rested** and **refreshed**. In the afternoons, my family jogged in the woods nearby, we’ve met wild ducks, squirrels, and raccoons. The **lush** old trees and lovely animals made the jogging really enjoyable.

It only cost about 15 minutes to go to the city center. Walking on the street, we could feel the **cultural diversity**. There were various restaurants serving customers with food from different countries. No matter what your preference of diet, you can always find a satisfying restaurant.

Unlike the fast-paced lifestyle in many big cities, people in Vancouver don’t like to push themselves too much into work rather than scarifying their health. That’s the lifestyle I usually dream of. If possible, I’d like to live there in the future.

描写山的美景：

The most beautiful natural scenery I have ever seen is in Xinjiang. It is a place full of imagination. I took a trip in Xinjiang last year. My first stop is Tianshan and Heaven’s Lake. Situated in the Heavenly Mountain range, Tianchi is arguably one of the nicest spots in all of China. The huge clear lake, the pine trees covering the hillsides and the snow-capped mountains in the background made this a spectacular sight. I had never seen such a clear sky and such blue water. I was moved by the power of the creation of nature. It is worth seeing.

南京 城市描写

1. If I have to choose a city to live in the future, it would definitely be Nanjing. Nanjing is located in the south of China. Yangtze River runs across the city along the middle.

2. The first time I knew this city was on the history textbook; And in a vacation of my middle school, I traveled to this city with my parents.

3. Nanjing is a famous city in Chinese history; it has ever been the capital city for six dynasties and also the political center for Republic of China. So there are many well-known historical sites in this city. Except that, Nanjing is also famous for food. Fuzimiao is the most popular food street where you can eat the various local delicacies(小吃). Nanjing museum….

4. I like the slow-paced lifestyle of Nanjing. People there can have less pressure. Although Nanjing is famous for history, it’s also modern and full of dynamic(活力). It combines history and modern life perfectly. So ….

描写海边美景：

Maldives is an insular/isolated country that it possesses endless **coastline** and **splendid scenery** on the seashore. Usually, the golden sun hangs on the sky and gives out warm and **tender** shining. The spectacular sea extends and meets with the azure sky at the remotest place.

What is more, I am eager to lie on the beach of Maldives basking myself in the sun to get tan. At night, I would like to walk along the seashore and watch the starry sky.

In the silver moonlight, everything would seem very peaceful. These are the reasons accounting for my eager to go to Maldives.

P3

***Place(6)***

**1. 度假胜地**

1. **What are some popular attractions that people like to visit in your country?**

The Great Wall is the most popular place where people like to visit in my country. It’s one of the largest constructions in the world. It symbolizes the strong wills of Chinese.

The Palace Museum is another popular place where people can learn about the history of the royal family of old dynasties. It has numerous precious collections.

Expect those two places, mountains and lakes are also popular for people, like Mount Tai, Yellow mount, Qiandao lake and many other places like them.

**historic attractions**: know about history and learn about ancestors’ wisdom and creativity; the Great Wall; Palace Museum; Patala Palace;

**natural sites**: mountains and lakes; enjoy natural scenes; keep away from busy cities;

**2. Do old people and young people choose different places to go on vacation? Why?**

1) young: exciting places; big/modern cities; to experience the **dynamic** and **fast beats** of big cities;

mountains; good energy; romantic to see the sunrise/starry night sky on the top of …

2) old: quiet natural sites; enjoy the quietness; stay at home;

**3. What do young people and old people think about when making travel plans?**

1) modern; exciting; fresh; business area; **delicious food;** taking different clothes; **hotel;**  cost/budget;

2) the medicine they need to take; whether the weather of the destination is suitable for their health condition; crowded or not; cost/budget reasonable;

Young: whether there is something exciting or different; what kind of hotel to live; to go to the restaurant which goes viral online; travel to those net popular places;

Old: whether the place has good views; it’s crowded or not; whether the trip is tiring;

**4. How do people find out about a new place?**

As I know that, people nowadays usually….

1) the internet: travel app; short videos; travel strategy(旅游攻略)

2) ads: from travel agency; TV; newspaper;

3) friends; share a place they have been to;

Those are the common ways that how people find out about a new place.

**2. 有趣的城市**

**1. What advantages can tourism bring to a city?**

1) more **job opportunities**; improve the local economy;

2) in order to attract more visitors, some cities will pay more attention on environmental protection and city construction; that will make the cities more pleasant to live in;

3) bring back popularity; fame

**2. Why do some young people like to live in cities?**

1) more job opportunities;

2) convenient;

3) don’t want to do farm works;

4) Young people’s new ideas and creativity are more tolerant and accepted by people in cities. culture integration; new cognition;

good education; good medical facilities;

**3. Do most elderly people live in the city or in the countryside?**

It depends.

1) I think most elderly people have an **obsession** to go back to the place where they were born and grew up.

2) young parents live and work in cities, some elderly people have to live in cities to take care of their grandchildren or do some housework for the young parents

3) some elderly people: live on **pension**; live alone; live in a quiet place;

**4. Do you think well-developed tourism will have negative effects on local people?**

1) too many visitors; take up public facilities; cause traffic problems; living problems; environment problems;

2) tourism is easily influenced by weather, natural disaster; (earthquake, pandemic of COVID-19) Thailand;

3) might cause some disease problems: some kinds infectious diseases; flu; COVID-19; pandemic

May implement some policies to support tourism more than to develop local infrastructure;

**3. 想要的公寓或房子**

1. **What kinds of apartments are the most popular?**

**duplex**; loft; necessity

Well, I think those **apartments in tall buildings** now are popular. Due to the limit of place in cities, now more and more buildings are growing taller.

In addition, people are most in a fast-paced lifestyle, so they prefer **decorated apartments**, because they are more time-saving for people to move in.

**School area apartments;**

1. **What are the differences between houses that young people and old people like?**

**location; environment; decoration;**

Young: modern; like to in a community with more neighbors: to meet new people; to socialize; gym; karaoke; game room;

decoration: modern; smart furniture;

Old: house with a garden in a quiet place; even in countryside; simple decoration

1. **What are the differences between apartments and houses?**

Generally, houses are more **spacious** than apartments. Apartments are usually built in city center. The average price of apartments is high, so if they are big, not many people can afford them.

Houses are usually **independent** or half-independent. Because they are commonly more spacious than apartments, so the general price of houses is also higher than apartments’. Houses have garages; garden; yard;

**4. Do people usually rent or buy a house? Why?**

I think people usually rent a house.

1) the price of a house is high;

2) needn’t to live there for a long time;

3) They want to be close to the workplace;

4) have good environment to live in;

\* buy house for good schools; consuming attitude; loan; tenant;

**4. 一个去过的新地方**

**1. Which do you prefer, living in a city or only visiting it as a tourist?**

That should depend on which city I go to. If I love a city, I’ll prefer to live in that city. can have enough time to experience a place leisurely;

If that is a city I’m not very interested in, I may …

**2. How do young children react when they go to school for the first time?**

1) **excited**: meet new friends/teachers; are curious about school life

2) **unhappy and reluctant**: don’t want to leave their parents and toys;

3) **nervous:** with strangers; in a new environment;

be familiar with…

introverted: shy

**3. How do young and old people react differently to new things?**

1) young: like to try new things; don’t concern much about bad consequence; want to get excitements or thrills;

2) old: keep calm and steady; refuse/avoid trying new things; (don’t trust alipay)

**4. Why do some people want to go to college far away from home?**

1) there aren’t good colleges in their hometown;

2) to start an independent life;

3) to widen their horizon

**5. 安静的地方(NEW)**

1. Is it easy to find quiet places in your country? Why?

Yes. People now realize the importance of staying in quiet places. In cities, there are more and more quiet parks and gardens near residential areas. Usually, it’s easy to find reader cafe, yoga room, library, or bookstore in a short distance.

ease one’s tension; let one’s hair down; let one’s steam out;

2. Why do old people prefer to live in quiet places?

physical diseases;

don’t have good energy;

don’t have ambitions to achieve;

3. Why are there more noises made at home now than in the past?

household appliances; vacuum machine; juice blender;

noise from neighbors next to doors or upstairs;

4. Why do some people like to use **noise** as background sound when they are working or studying?

To be honest, I think this is a weird question. I don’t think people like ...; Possibly there are a few of people like doing in that way, but I ....;

....need something to distract them; to release their tension/strain on something;

**6. 重要河流／湖泊(NEW)**

**1. How can rivers/lakes benefit local people?**

to irrigate farmland; to do fish farming; to develop river/lake tourism;

**2. Do you think rivers/lakes attract tourists?**

Rivers/lakes are usually close to the mountains; spectacular scene; can get quietness; can do some water activities;

**3. How do rivers/lakes affect local tourism?**

Rivers and lakes: can make up beautiful views; ...can have cruise trip; ...can do water activities;

**4. Are rivers/lakes good for transport? Why?**

economic way for transport; transport heavy or enormous things;